

Earnings Conference
Fourth Quarter 2023
January 31, 2024



Forward Looking Statements Disclaimer:

The following is a "safe harbor" statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Statements made in this slide presentation that are not based on historical facts are "forward-looking statements." This presentation may make certain statements containing forward-looking statements, such as statements which relate to Landstar's business objectives, plans, strategies and expectations. Such statements are by nature subject to uncertainties and risks, including but not limited to: the operational, financial or legal risks or uncertainties detailed in Landstar's Form 10-K for the 2022 fiscal year and Form 10-Qs for the 2023 first and third fiscal quarters, described in the section Risk Factors, and other SEC filings from time to time. These risks and uncertainties could cause actual results or events to differ materially from historical results or those anticipated. Investors should not place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements, and the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements.

2

Non-GAAP Financial Measures:

In this slide presentation, the Company provides the following information that may be deemed a non-GAAP financial measure: variable contribution, variable contribution margin and operating income as a percentage of variable contribution.

Management believes variable contribution and variable contribution margin are useful measures of the variable costs that we incur at a shipment-by-shipment level attributable to our transportation network of third-party capacity providers and independent agents in order to provide services to our customers. Management believes that operating income as a percentage of variable contribution is a useful measure as: (i) variable costs of revenue for a significant portion of the Company's business are highly influenced by shortterm market-based trends in the freight transportation industry, whereas other costs, including other costs of revenue, are much less impacted by short-term freight market trends; and (ii) this measure is meaningful to investors' evaluations of the Company's management of costs attributable to operations other than the purely variable costs associated with purchased transportation and commissions to agents that the Company incurs to provide services to our customers.

Management also believes that it is appropriate to present each of the financial measures that may be deemed a non-GAAP financial measure, as referred to above, for the following reasons: (1) disclosure of these matters will allow investors to better understand the underlying trends in the Company's financial condition and results of operations; (2) this information will facilitate comparisons by investors of the Company's results as compared to the results of peer companies; and (3) management considers this financial information in its decision making.

A tabulation of the expenses identified as costs of revenue as well as a reconciliation of gross profit to variable contribution and gross profit margin to variable contribution margin for the 2023 and 2022 fourth quarters and fiscal year periods is included in this slide presentation as Appendix A.

Who We Are

Landstar, a Fortune 500 company, is a technologyenabled, asset-light provider of integrated transportation management solutions delivering safe, specialized transportation services to a broad range of customers utilizing a network of agents, third party capacity providers and employees.

Our Network

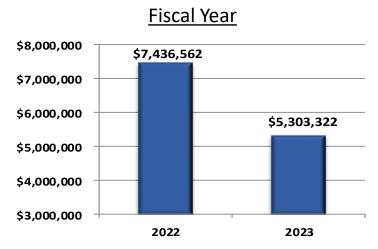
2023 Results

\$5.30 billion in revenue Agents Approx. 2.20 million loadings 1,100 524 million dollar agents 9,809 BCO trucks (2023 year-end) 76,635 Carriers (2023 year-end) Landstar **Employees** 18,000+ Trailers (2023 year-end) Approx. 1,500 Customers Capacity 25,000+ 85,000+

Transportation Management Services

	Percentage of Revenue 4Q22 4Q23	
Truck Transportation		
Truckload		
Van equipment	52%	51%
Unsided/platform equipment	25%	28%
Less-than-truckload	2%	2%
Other truck transportation	12%	8%
Rail intermodal	2%	2%
Ocean and air cargo	5%	5%

Revenue (\$'s in thousands)



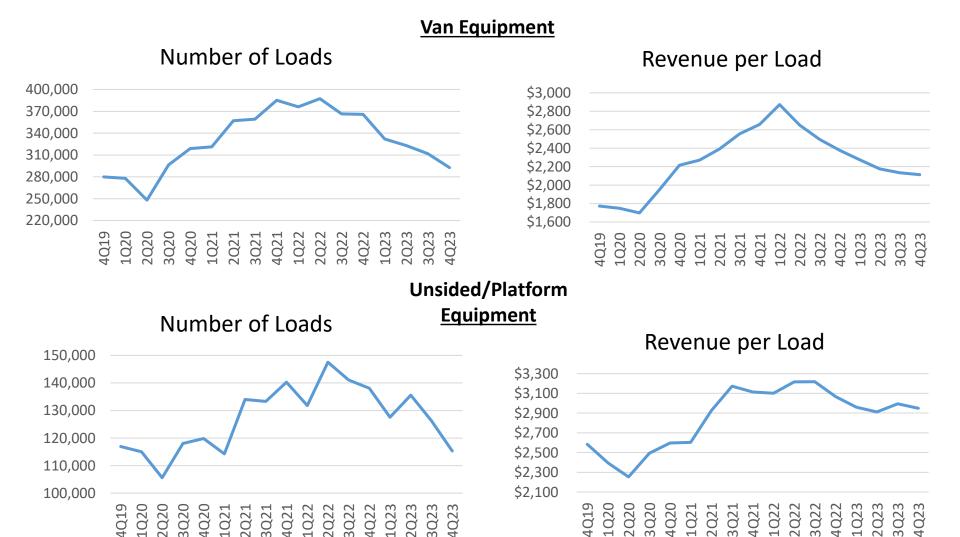
Year over Prior Year	Rate ⁽²⁾	Volume (3)	Change
Truck Revenue	- 12.7%	- 16.6%	-27.2%
Rail Intermodal Revenue	-6.8%	-27.2%	-32.2%
Ocean/Air Revenue	-39.2%	-21.6%	-52.3%
Insurance Premiums	NA	NA	-7.7%
Total Revenue			-28.7%



Qtr over Prior Year Qtr	Rate (2)	Volume (3)	Change
Truck Revenue	-9.6%	-21.7%	-29.2%
Rail Intermodal Revenue	-8.6%	- 14.8%	-22.1%
Ocean/Air Revenue	-23.3%	0.0%	-23.3%
Insurance Premiums	NA	NA	- 11.6%
Total Revenue			-28.1%

- (1) The Company's fiscal year ends each year on the last Saturday in December and, as such, the Company's 2022 fourth quarter included fourteen weeks of operations whereas the 2023 fourth quarter included thirteen weeks. Fiscal year 2022 included fifty-three weeks of operations whereas fiscal year 2023 included fifty-two.
- (2) Percentage change in rate is calculated on a revenue per load basis.
- (3) Percentage change in volume is calculated on the number of loads hauled.

Truckload Loadings and Revenue per Truckload Trends



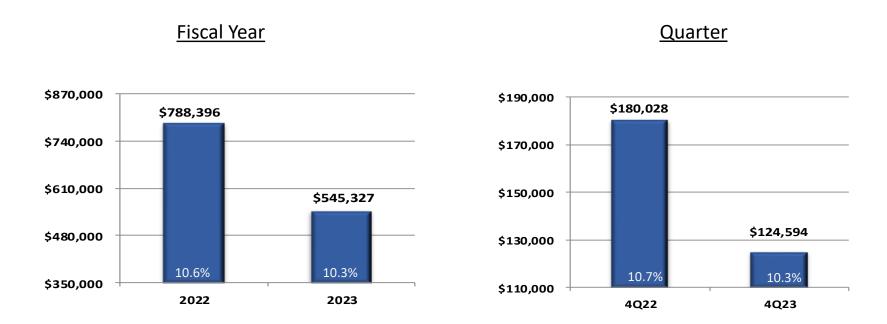
⁽¹⁾ The Company's fiscal year ends each year on the last Saturday in December and, as such, the Company's 2022 fourth quarter included fourteen weeks of operations whereas the 2023 fourth quarter included thirteen weeks. Fiscal year 2022 included fifty-three weeks of operations whereas fiscal year 2023 included fifty-two.

Industries Served

	As a Percenta	Quarter over Prior Year Quarter	
	4Q22	4Q23	Change in Revenue
Consumer Durables	28.9	27.8	-31%
Machinery	12.5	13.7	-21%
Automotive	10.9	11.6	-23%
Building Products	7.7	8.1	-25%
AA&E, Hazmat	7.8	7.6	-30%
Metals	4.6	4.9	-24%
Foodstuffs	3.3	2.7	-40%
Substitute Line Haul	3.6	2.4	-53%
Other	20.7	21.2	-27%
Transportation Revenue	<u>100.0</u>	<u>100.0</u>	-28%

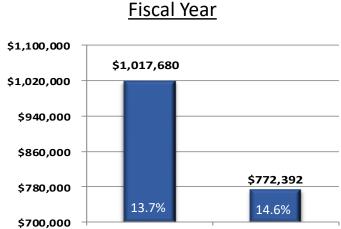
Gross Profit (1) and Gross Profit Margin (2)

(\$'s in thousands)



- (1) Gross profit equals revenue less the cost of purchased transportation, commissions to agents and other costs of revenue.
- (2) Gross profit margin equals gross profit divided by revenue.
- The Company's fiscal year ends each year on the last Saturday in December and, as such, the Company's 2022 fourth quarter included fourteen weeks of operations whereas the 2023 fourth quarter included thirteen weeks. Fiscal year 2022 included fifty-three weeks of operations whereas fiscal year 2023 included fifty-two.

Variable Contribution⁽¹⁾ and Variable Contribution Margin ⁽²⁾ (\$'s in thousands)



\$700,000	13.7%	14.6%	_
\$700,000	2022	2023	ı
		Fiscal Ye	ear ⁽⁴⁾
Changes in variable contribution		on	
ı	margin	%	
2022 Period			13.7
Revenue -	fixed		-0.1
Revenue -	variable		0.6
Change in	mix and other		0.4



	4th Qtr (4)
Changes in variable contribution margin	%
2022 Period	14.0
Revenue - fixed	0.4
Revenue - variable	0.0
Change in mix and other	0.4
2023 Period	14.8

- (1) Variable contribution equals revenue less the cost of purchased transportation and commissions to agents.
- (2) Variable contribution margin equals variable contribution divided by revenue.
- (3) The Company's fiscal year ends each year on the last Saturday in December and, as such, the Company's 2022 fourth quarter included fourteen weeks of operations whereas the 2023 fourth quarter included thirteen weeks. Fiscal year 2022 included fifty-three weeks of operations whereas fiscal year 2023 included fifty-two.

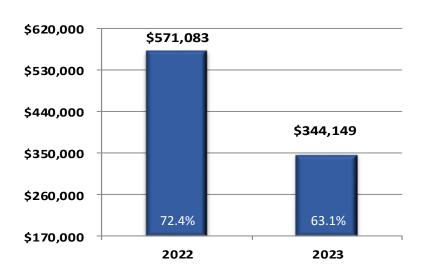
14.6

(4) Revenue on transactions where the Company's variable contribution margin was based on a contractually pre-determined percentage of revenue accounted for 40% and 43% of revenue in the 2022 and 2023 fiscal year periods, respectively, and 41% and 43% of revenue in the 2022 and 2023 fourth quarters, respectively.

2023 Period

Operating Income as a % of Gross Profit (\$'s in thousands)

<u>Fiscal Year</u> <u>Quarter</u>



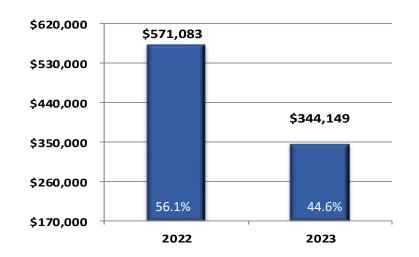


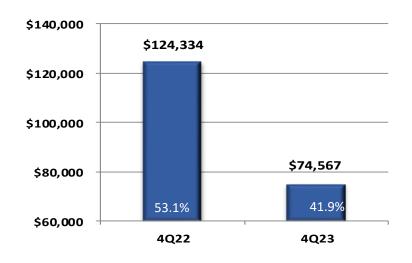
(1) The Company's fiscal year ends each year on the last Saturday in December and, as such, the Company's 2022 fourth quarter included fourteen weeks of operations whereas the 2023 fourth quarter included thirteen weeks. Fiscal year 2022 included fifty-three weeks of operations whereas fiscal year 2023 included fifty-two.

Operating Income as a % of Variable Contribution

(\$'s in thousands)







	Fiscal Year
Changes in operating income as a % of variable contribution	%
2022 Period	56.1
Other operating costs	-2.5
Insurance and claims	-1.4
SG&A	-5.7
Depreciation and amortization	-1.9
2023 Period	44.6

	4th Qtr
Changes in operating income as a % of variable contribution	%
2022 Period	53.1
Other operating costs	-3.0
Insurance and claims	-1.3
SG&A	-5.6
Depreciation and amortization	-1.3
2023 Period	41.9

⁽¹⁾ The Company's fiscal year ends each year on the last Saturday in December and, as such, the Company's 2022 fourth quarter included fourteen weeks of operations whereas the 2023 fourth quarter included thirteen weeks. Fiscal year 2022 included fifty-three weeks of operations whereas fiscal year 2023 included fifty-two.

Truck Capacity Data

(All information is provided as of the end of the applicable period)

BCO Independent Contractors

Truck Brokerage Carriers:
Approved and Active (1)

Other Approved

Total Available Truck Capacity Providers

Trucks Provided by BCO Independent Contractors

Dec 31, 2022 ⁽²⁾	Dec 30, 2023 ⁽²⁾
10,393	9,024
66,745	49,111
30,999	27,524
97,744	76,635
108,137	85,659
11,281	9,809

- (1) Active refers to truck brokerage carriers who hauled freight for Landstar in the 180 day period immediately preceding the period end.
- (2) Fuel surcharges billed to customers on freight hauled by BCO Independent Contractors, which are paid 100% to the BCO and excluded from revenue, and the cost of purchased transportation were \$324.4 million and \$445.0 million in the 2023 and 2022 fiscal year periods, respectively, and \$79.5 million and \$114.8 million in the 2023 and 2022 fourth quarters, respectively.



Key Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Statistics

(\$'s in thousands)

Balance sheet (period end amounts):
Debt to Capital
Net Cash (1)

Cash flow:

Cash flow from operations
Capital expenditures
Share repurchases
Dividends paid

Returns (trailing 12 months):

Return on Equity
Return on Invested Capital
Return on Assets

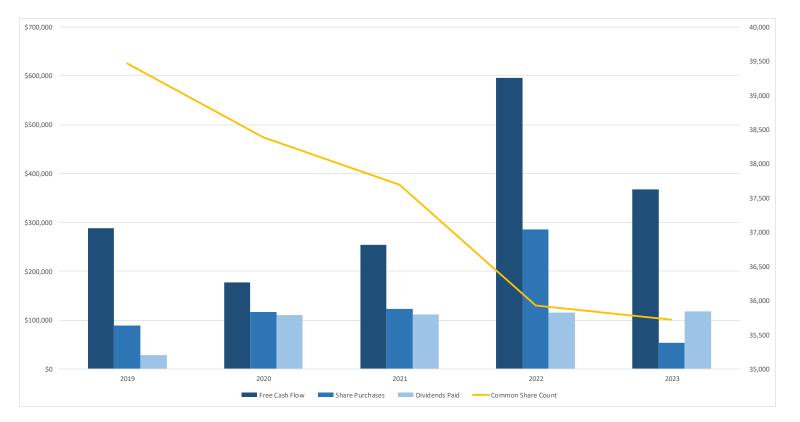
	Dec 31,	Dec 30,	
	2022		2023
\$	10% 290,136	\$	7% 469,564
\$ \$ \$ \$	622,659 26,005 285,983 115,671	\$ \$ \$ \$	393,648 25,688 53,919 117,130
	50% 44% 21%		27% 25% 14%



⁽¹⁾ Net cash is defined as cash and cash equivalents plus short term investments less outstanding debt.

Free Cash Flow (1), Stock Purchases and Dividends

(In Thousands)



2023	(000's)	
Free cash flow (1)	\$	367,960
Share purchases	\$	53,919
Dividends paid	\$	117,130
Ending common share count		35,717

(1) Free cash flow is defined as cash flow from operations less capital expenditures, each set forth on the prior slide.

Appendix A Reconciliation of Gross Profit to Variable Contribution (\$'s in thousands)

	Fiscal Years Ended					Fiscal Quarters Ended				
	December 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		D		cember 30,	December 31, 2022		
						2023				
Revenue	\$	5,303,322	\$	7,436,562		\$	1,204,445	\$	1,674,767	
Costs of revenue:										
Purchased transportation		4,068,262		5,804,017			927,028		1,291,676	
Commissions to agents	-	462,668		614,865			99,271		149,106	
Variable costs of revenue		4,530,930		6,418,882			1,026,299		1,440,782	
Trailing equipment depreciation		31,319		36,653			7,079		8,893	
Information technology costs (1)		25,486		19,834			5,695		5,966	
Insurance-related costs (2)		116,069		127,605			27,585		28,784	
Other operating costs		54,191		45,192			13,193		10,314	
Other costs of revenue		227,065		229,284			53,552		53,957	
Total costs of revenue		4,757,995		6,648,166			1,079,851		1,494,739	
Gross profit	\$	545,327	\$	788,396		\$	124,594	\$	180,028	
Gross profit margin		10.3%		10.6%			10.3%		10.7%	
Plus: other costs of revenue		227,065		229,284			53,552		53,957	
Variable contribution	\$	772,392	\$	1,017,680		\$	178,146	\$	233,985	
Variable contribution margin		14.6%		13.7%			14.8%		14.0%	

⁽¹⁾ Includes costs of revenue incurred related to internally developed software including ASC 350-40 amortization, implementation costs, hosting costs and other support costs utilized to support the Company's independent commission sales agents, third party capacity providers, and customers, included as a portion of depreciation and amortization and of selling, general and administrative in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income.

⁽²⁾ Primarily includes (i) insurance premiums paid for commercial auto liability, general liability, cargo and other lines of coverage related to the transportation of freight; (ii) the related cost of claims incurred under those programs; and (iii) brokerage commissions and other fees incurred relating to the administration of insurance programs available to BCO Independent Contractors that are reinsured by the Company, which are included in selling, general and administrative in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income.



